BIO - PROTECTION

Concentrated plant available silica

- Improves plant strength
- Decreases climatic stress
- Improves photosynthesis
- Helps plants deal with salinity, Al & Mn toxicity
- Lowers disease resistance

Grosil is a highly soluble source of potassium and silicon; it is used primarily as a source of plant available silicon, with the advantage of low application rates.

When applied to the foliage Grosil strengthens the plant by forming a two part silicon matrix that acts as a physical barrier. Firstly, it is absorbed into the leaf cuticle where it strengthens the plant structure and secondly, as it dries on the leaf, it forms a layer of silicon crystals on the leaf surface.

For use as foliar spray and via irrigation in horticultural and broad-acre.

Silicon in plants

Silicon exists in all plants and plant tissue content has been measured at between 0.1 to 10 %. Silicon enters plants via the leaf and/or root systems and accumulates around the epidermis of roots and shoots. It forms a silica matrix causing a thickening of the epidermal layers resulting in stronger plants more able to reduce lodging and an increased ability to handle stress conditions.

The function of Silicon is to protect the plant from various biotic and abiotic stresses. The effect of Si on plant growth becomes obvious under stress conditions but usually not under non-stressed conditions. (Epstein 1994).

How potassium silicates increase resistance to stress:

- he mechanical barrier provided by silica deposition in the cell wall makes is difficult for pathogens to penetrate.
- Biochemical responses in the plant's stress signaling system are induced by Si. These vary depending on the particular stress eg can produces phenolics and phytoalexins in response to fungal attack and can enhance activity of chitinases, peroxidases and pholyphenolxidases in response to pythium.

Si reduced cuticular transpirational water loss by depositing Si beneath the cuticle.

ENERGISE

THE PLANT

ZERO

RESIDUE

CROP

STRESS

- Si decreases uptake of toxic minerals due to deposits of Si in the root.
- *Si* enhances stem strength, making it easier to hold more weight. As the plant builds itself up with Potassium Silicate, the plant is able to balance nutrient uptake and increase chlorophyll and RUBP caboxylase in leaves.

Potassium in plants

Potassium is essential for translocation of sugars and starch formation; it is also required for leaf stomata opening/closing, strengthens plants and improves plant resistance to drought and disease.

Application of Grosil, potassium silicate improves leaf erectness, reduces susceptibility to lodging in grasses, and also improves photosynthesis efficiency.

Crops that have demonstrated beneficial response to soluble silicate application include :

- Vegetables Capsicum, tomatoes, green beans, lettuce, corn, cucumber, melon, pumpkin, zucchini
- Fruit Citrus, strawberries, grapes, apples
- Broad-acre Rice, wheat, oats, barley, millet, cotton, sugar cane, soybeans, sorghum, maize
- Ornamentals Turf grass, roses, palm, umbrella tree, dandelion and other ornamental plants.



Larger & healthier leaves and stronger growth after 2 sprays 14 days apart of Grosil 1% + Vitazyme 1%

GROSIL

TYPICAL ANALYSIS:

Silicate - 262g/L Potassium - 143g/L pH - 13.3 - 13.7 SG - 1.31-1.35 PACK SIZES:

20L, 200L, 1,000L

STORAGE:

Store in original container away from direct sunlight.

Crystallisation may occur below 5°C.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

Grosil improves leaf erectness, reduces susceptibility to lodging in grasses, and improves photosynthesis. Crops that have demonstrated beneficial response to soluble silicate include fruit, vegetables, vines, nuts, broad-acre crops.

Optimum results are obtained when Grosil is applied in a regularly scheduled spray program, using a sufficient volume of water to insure complete coverage of all stems and foliage.

Suitable for a wide range of crops via irrigation, soil drench and foliar spray.

OFS recommends the use of a non-ionic surfactant & Humus 26.

Mixing - Add Grosil to spray tank (3/4 full) whilst under agitation.

Mix thoroughly before adding other products.

Crop	Foliar Rate	Via Irrigation	Comments
Vegetables, Leafy Greens, Strawberries, Melons	2-4L/ha; 400mL/100L water	5-10L/ha	Apply every 1-3 weeks
Fruit & Nut Trees, Vines	2-4L/ha; 400mL/100L water	5-10L/ha	Apply every 2-4 weeks; particularly during vegetative growth and disease events; For fruit strength apply every 3-4 weeks from flowering.
Broad-acre — Cereals, Sugar Cane	2-4L/ha; 400mL/100L water	5-10L/ha	Apply 2-3 times during vegetative stages.
Ornamentals	2-4L/ha; 400mL/100L water	5-10L/ha	Apply every 2-4 weeks
Hydroponic		400mL/1,000L	Replace at each water change

ORGANIC FARMING SYSTEMS

Tel: 08 9384 3789 Tel: 03 9008 6352 info@organicfarming.com.au www.organicfarming.com.au © Sustainable Ventures Pty Ltd -6-16

PRECAUTIONS:

To avoid damage to crops:

- Physically compatible with a wide range of commonly used products. Always mix a small quantity (jar test) and check for physical compatibility before combining with other ingredients.
- When applying for the first time, or in combination with other products, a small test area should be sprayed and observed prior to the total spray.
- Avoid contact with glass. Remove promptly from glass surfaces.
- Do not spray during flowering.
- Not compatible with acidic inputs.
- Do not apply sprays less than 7 days apart.
- Do not apply more than 80L/ha/season.
- Application should be avoided when crop is under stress (from any cause) or when there are extreme weather conditions such as temperatures over 28°C, high humidity, frost or rain.

CLEAN UP PROCEDURE

Use all mixture in irrigation and spray tanks, purge tanks and lines with clean water; flush irrigation lines. Do not return mix to original drums.

WARNING

Strongly alkaline.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

DO NOT SWALLOW.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Avoid contact with skin.

Wear protective clothing, safety glasses and gloves when using this product.

The spray from this product may act as an irritant. Avoid inhalation.

FIRST AID

For advice, contact the Poisons Information Centre 13 11 26 or your local doctor. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting.

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.



Certification # 6177M